

受 験 番 号

英 語

(100 点 60 分)

(2026 年度 一般入学試験 B)

注 意 事 項

- 1 試験開始の指示があるまで、この問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。
- 2 この問題冊子の表紙の受験番号欄に受験番号を書いてください。
複数の受験番号がある場合、受験票に記載されているメイン受験番号を記入してください。
- 3 この問題冊子は表紙を除き、10 ページです。
- 4 試験中に問題冊子の印刷不鮮明、ページの落丁・乱丁及び解答用紙の汚れ等に気付いた場合は、手を高く挙げて監督者に知らせてください。
- 5 解答用紙には解答欄以外に次の記入欄があるので、監督者の指示に従って、正しく記入してください。
 - ① 氏 名 欄 漢字氏名を記入してください。
 - ② 科 目 名 欄 「英語」と記入してください。
 - ③ 受験番号欄 受験票に記載されているメイン受験番号を記入し、その下のマーク欄に、正しくマークしてください。
- 6 受験番号が正しく記入されていない場合は、採点されないことがあります。
- 7 解答は、解答用紙の解答マーク欄にマークしてください。
例えば

20

 と表示のある問いに対して ③ と解答する場合は、次の（例）のように 20 の解答マーク欄の ③ にマークしてください。

(例)

	解 答 マ ー ク 欄												
20	①	②	●	④	⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧	⑨	⑩	-	⊕	

解答マーク欄に複数のマークをすると、不正解になります。訂正するときは
消しゴムできれいに消して、書き直してください。

- 8 問題冊子の余白等は適宜利用してもかまいませんが、どのページも切り離してはいけません。
- 9 不正行為について
 - ① 不正行為に対しては厳正に対処します。
 - ② 不正行為に見えるような行為が見受けられた場合は、監督者が注意します。
 - ③ 不正行為を行った場合は、その時点で受験を取りやめさせ退室させます。

英 語

(解答番号 ~)

第1問 次のA、Bの問いに答えなさい。

A 次の設問（問 1～10）において、～に当てはまる最も適切な語(句)を、それぞれ①～④から1つずつ選びなさい。〔解答番号～〕

問1 Before we start the meeting, yourself to coffee or tea if you like.

- ① get ② find ③ help ④ let

問2 The manager didn't to offend us, but his comments made many of us upset.

- ① mean ② offer ③ bother ④ hesitate

問3 Wait. Let people off the train before you board it.

- ① leave ② get ③ turn ④ set

問4 Congratulations! I heard you got to senior manager.

- ① provided ② proceeded ③ promoted ④ protected

問5 The phrase “international trade” refers to buying and selling that take place national borders.

- ① among ② along ③ across ④ against

問6 Air pollution is one of the serious problems the world today.

- ① minding ② facing ③ heading ④ handing

問7 My doctor recommended I on a diet because I'm a lot heavier than I should be.

- ① go ② have gone ③ was going ④ went

問8 I want to exchange these jeans. They're too for me. Can I get a bigger size?

- ① straight ② bright ③ tight ④ light

問9 Shut up. I'm sick and tired hearing your complaints.

- ① at ② in ③ of ④ by

問10 After he hurt his leg, it was difficult for him to be physically .

- ① act ② action ③ active ④ activity

B 次の設問（問1～4）において、日本語の意味になるように、それぞれ①～⑤の語（句）を並べかえて文を完成しなさい。解答は空欄 11 ～ 18 に入る語（句）の番号のみを答えなさい。なお、文頭に来る語も小文字で示しています。〔解答番号 11 ～ 18 〕

問1 私が働いている会社は自動車産業のトップメーカーです。

_____ 11 _____ 12 _____ a leader in the automobile industry.

- ① for ② I ③ is ④ the company ⑤ work

問2 たばこのポイ捨てによる山林火災で、多くの樹木が失われています。

Many trees have been lost _____ 13 _____ 14 _____ by discarded cigarettes.

- ① a result ② as ③ caused ④ of ⑤ wildfires

問3 みんな、おしゃべりを止めて、私の話を聞いて。

Stop talking, everybody, and _____ 15 _____ 16 _____ to say.

- ① have ② I ③ listen ④ to ⑤ what

問4 漫画のなかには、読んで面白いだけでなく、芸術的に優れていて、研究する価値のあるものもある。

Some comic books are not only fun to read but also _____ 17 _____ 18 _____.

- ① and ② artistic ③ of ④ study ⑤ worthy

第2問 次のA、Bの問いに答えなさい。

A 次の設問（問1～3）において、空欄 ～ に入る最も適切なものを、それぞれ①～④から1つずつ選んで会話を完成させなさい。〔解答番号 ～ 〕

問1

A: I just finished cooking this chicken.

B: Oh, yes, please! Just a little piece — I'm trying to save room for dessert.

A: Here you go.

B: Wow, thanks! This looks amazing. I can't wait to taste it.

- ① Now it's your turn to cook.
- ② Tell everyone to come get it.
- ③ Would you like some?
- ④ Would you mind serving this to everyone?

問2

A: One hot dog and a soda — that'll be seven dollars.

B: All right. Here's ten.

A: Thanks! I'll get your change.

B: No need.

A: Oh, thanks a lot. I really appreciate it.

- ① You can keep it.
- ② You can afford it.
- ③ You can't spend it.
- ④ You can't help it.

問3

A: How was your trip to Hawaii?

B: It couldn't have been better. The weather was perfect, and we did everything we wanted.

A:

B: It really was. I wish we could've stayed longer.

- ① Sounds like a business trip.
- ② Sounds like a dream vacation.
- ③ Sounds like a horror movie.
- ④ Sounds like a mystery novel.

B 次の会話の空欄 ～ に入る最も適切なものを、下の①～⑥から 1 つずつ選んで会話を完成させなさい。[解答番号 ～]

Kate: Hey, are you free this weekend? I'll be on stage for the first time!
Bob: Excuse me? On stage?
Kate: No, dancing! It's my modern dance stage debut^(注)!
Bob: I didn't know you're a dancer! You must be so busy.
Kate: Twice a week usually, but this month, we've been practicing four days a week.
Bob: Wow, I'll bet that helps you lose weight!
Kate: After practicing, I'm always so hungry, I just eat and eat.
Bob: But still, you get more exercise than most people, for sure.
Kate: Why don't you come see me perform Saturday night?
Bob: Let me check my schedule.
Kate: The show starts at 7 p.m. It's at the community hall.
Bob: Okay, the community hall. Sounds good! I'd love to come!
Kate: Great! I'll give you the ticket tomorrow.
Bob: Perfect!
Kate: Thanks, Bob! I'll try my best on stage!

(注) debut : デビュー、初舞台

- ① What time?
- ② How often do you practice?
- ③ I'm busy this weekend.
- ④ I'm really looking forward to it.
- ⑤ Are you acting?
- ⑥ Actually, not really.

第3問 次の文章を読んで、下の設問に答えなさい。

Learning how to study effectively is an essential skill for students no matter what subject they are studying. There are six areas which are crucial to developing good study habits. 27 on these and you will become an effective student.

Targets

Always set a 28 work target. Don't try to do too much. For example, plan to read one chapter of a book each evening rather than think about reading the whole book over the weekend. This kind of detailed, planned target is more effective than a vague commitment^(注1). It is sometimes helpful to tell your friends about your plan. This is a good incentive^(注2) to keep you on target because (ア)!

Rewards

Develop a system of small rewards for your work. For example, stop for a cup of coffee or tea, or listen to a favorite piece of music after one hour's study. Rewarding yourself for keeping to your work plan will make you feel good about yourself.

Timing

Make sure you choose a suitable time to study, that is, when it is quiet and ⁽¹⁾when you are most alert. Try to make this a regular, time-tabled part of your day. If you plan to start work at a certain time, say 7 p.m., do not find reasons to 29 getting started. You can watch your favorite movie later, and your emails are not urgent!

Quantity

A large task such as researching a new topic for an essay can be overwhelming — so overwhelming, in fact, that it can be difficult to sit down and make a start. Break the larger task 30 several smaller ones. For example, make a list of questions that you will have to deal with in your essay, and then approach each question separately. This makes the work more manageable.

Notes and learning styles

The books you are studying won't always present information in a way that suits your learning style. It is, therefore, 31 to spend time making notes and organizing them in a way that suits you best. It is also a good idea to keep your notebooks neat and well organized. This will make it much easier to find information later.

Revision^(注3)

Don't leave revision until the last moment. When you set your study targets, allow regular revision time. This is much more effective than trying to cram^(注4) before an exam.

(*Headway Academic Skills 3*, Oxford University Press, 2011)

(注1) commitment : 決意

(注2) incentive : (やる気を起こす) 刺激、動機

(注3) revision : 復習

(注4) cram : 一夜漬けの勉強をする

問1 本文中の空欄 27 ～ 31 に当てはまる最も適切な語(句)を、それぞれ①～④から1つずつ選びなさい。〔解答番号 27 ～ 31 〕

- | | | | | |
|----|--------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| 27 | ① Put | ② Turn | ③ Work | ④ Comment |
| 28 | ① difficult | ② realistic | ③ big | ④ ridiculous |
| 29 | ① put on | ② put up | ③ put down | ④ put off |
| 30 | ① out of | ② without | ③ into | ④ from |
| 31 | ① worthwhile | ② painful | ③ wasteful | ④ no fun |

問2 本文中の空欄 (ア) に入る語句として最も適切なものを、次の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

〔解答番号 32 〕

- ① they will be happy if you fail
- ② they will know if you fail
- ③ they don't care if you fail
- ④ they won't notice if you fail

問3 下線部(1)を次のように言い換えたとき、空欄 () に入る語句として最も適切なものを、次の①～④から1つ選びなさい。〔解答番号 33 〕

when your mind is ()

- ① noisy, busy, and stressed
- ② tired, slow, and confused
- ③ kind, caring, and friendly
- ④ clear, active, and focused

問4 本文の内容と合致しないものを、次の①～④から1つ選びなさい。〔解答番号 34 〕

- ① 効率よく勉強するには、無理のない計画を立て、誰にも言わずに着々とこなすのがよい。
- ② 読むべきものがあるときは、時間のある時にまとめて読もうと考えるより、毎日少しずつ読むようにするのがよい。
- ③ 計画通り勉強できた時には、自分にちょっとした褒美を与えるようにするとよい。
- ④ 復習はテスト直前にまとめて行うより、普段から復習する時間を設けてやる方がよい。

第4問 次の文章を読んで、下の設問に答えなさい。

Do you sometimes feel lonely? Do you sometimes feel stressed? Do you sometimes get sick? If you answered yes to these questions, you might not need a doctor. Instead, you might just need a pet. Pets, such as dogs, cats, or even birds, can make you feel better. In fact, many people feel healthier when they have a pet to take care of.

People who have pets often feel calmer and less lonely than people who don't have pets. For example, Juliet Locke has a six-year-old cat named Snowball. "Snowball knows when I'm having a bad day. When I'm sitting in a chair, she'll jump on my lap, and I'll pet her. She really helps me feel relaxed," says Juliet. Pets can help you have a healthy mind, and they can give you a healthy body, too. Dr. R.K. Anderson is a veterinarian^(注). He started CENSHARE (Center to Study Human/Animal Relationships and Environments), an organization that researches how pets affect people. These researchers believe that people with pets are healthier than people without pets. For instance, pet owners often have lower rates of heart disease than people without pets. Many pet owners don't have high blood pressure either.

While most people think of dogs and cats as pets, having birds and fish can also be effective. In fact, people own many different kinds of pets. Researchers studied the effects of these kinds of animals on their owners' health. The researchers found that some people actually lower their blood pressure by watching fish in a tank or by listening to the sounds of birds. These activities are very calming.

Richard Waxman believes that all people should have the chance to spend time with a pet. He started a group called "Paws and Hearts." It is a volunteer organization that brings animals to nursing homes, hospitals, and senior centers. Mr. Waxman says that each patient can become friends with a loving dog. As a result, the patients feel calmer and also have less physical pain. This is called "pet therapy," and people love the animals' visits. For example, Clara Wu lives at a nursing home in Palm Desert, California. "I just love when the volunteers bring the dogs to visit us," Mrs. Wu says. "It brings back wonderful memories of other dogs I've owned." Mr. Waxman agrees. "Pet therapy allows for a great connection between the past and the present that can be very powerful."

Paws and Hearts isn't only for adults. The organization also has a reading program for children called "Paws to Read." Volunteers bring dogs to schools and libraries. There, children sit with the dogs and read stories to them. This activity often improves the children's reading skills as well as their self-confidence. Then, when they return to their classrooms, they feel more sure of themselves and can read aloud more easily and clearly. It's easy to see that pet therapy is useful for people of all ages.

(Reading for Today 2 : Insights, National Geographic Learning, 2016)

(注) veterinarian : 獣医師

次の設問（問 1～7）において、空欄 ～ に当てはまる最も適切なものを、それぞれ①～④から 1 つずつ選びなさい。〔解答番号 ～ 〕

問 1 Having a pet to take care of can make you feel ().

- ① older and wiser
- ② younger and freer
- ③ stronger and safer
- ④ happier and healthier

問 2 Which of the following is NOT true about Snowball?

()

- ① Snowball is Juliet Locke's pet cat.
- ② Snowball is six years old.
- ③ Snowball is a male cat.
- ④ Snowball comforts Juliet when she's having a bad day.

問 3 The letters H and A in CENSHARE stand for () respectively.

- ① Human and Animal
- ② Human and Angel
- ③ Health and Animal
- ④ Health and Age

問 4 Studies have found that watching fish in a tank or listening to the sounds of birds helps some people ().

- ① heighten their environmental awareness
- ② build their patience
- ③ lower their blood pressure
- ④ shorten the amount of sleep they need

問 5 () is the founder of a group called "Paws and Hearts."

- ① Juliet Locke
- ② Dr. R.K. Anderson
- ③ Richard Waxman
- ④ Clara Wu

問 6 Paws and Hearts is a volunteer group that offers what's known as (

40

) therapy.

- ① music
- ② art
- ③ pet
- ④ aroma

問 7 Paws to Read is a program for children in which (

41

).

- ① children read stories to dogs
- ② volunteers read stories about dogs to children
- ③ children learn to write stories about dogs
- ④ volunteers help children learn to take care of dogs