

受 験 番 号

英 語

(100 点 60 分)

(2026 年度 一般入学試験C)

注 意 事 項

- 1 試験開始の指示があるまで、この問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。
- 2 この問題冊子の表紙の受験番号欄に受験番号を書いてください。
複数の受験番号がある場合、受験票に記載されているメイン受験番号を記入してください。
- 3 この問題冊子は表紙を除き、10 ページです。
- 4 試験中に問題冊子の印刷不鮮明、ページの落丁・乱丁及び解答用紙の汚れ等に気付いた場合は、手を高く挙げて監督者に知らせてください。
- 5 解答用紙には解答欄以外に次の記入欄があるので、監督者の指示に従って、正しく記入してください。
 - ① 氏 名 欄 漢字氏名を記入してください。
 - ② 科 目 名 欄 「英語」と記入してください。
 - ③ 受験番号欄 受験票に記載されているメイン受験番号を記入し、その下のマーク欄に、正しくマークしてください。
- 6 受験番号が正しく記入されていない場合は、採点されないことがあります。
- 7 解答は、解答用紙の解答マーク欄にマークしてください。
例えば

20

 と表示のある問いに対して③と解答する場合は、次の（例）のように 20 の解答マーク欄の③にマークしてください。

(例)

	解 答 マ ー ク 欄												
20	①	②	●	④	⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧	⑨	⑩	-	⊕	

解答マーク欄に複数のマークをすると、不正解になります。訂正するときは
消しゴムできれいに消して、書き直してください。

- 8 問題冊子の余白等は適宜利用してもかまいませんが、どのページも切り離してはいけません。
- 9 不正行為について
 - ① 不正行為に対しては厳正に対処します。
 - ② 不正行為に見えるような行為が見受けられた場合は、監督者が注意します。
 - ③ 不正行為を行った場合は、その時点で受験を取りやめさせ退室させます。

英 語

(解答番号 ~)

第1問 次のA、Bの問いに答えなさい。

A 次の設問（問 1～10）において、～に当てはまる最も適切な語(句)を、それぞれ①～④から1つずつ選びなさい。〔解答番号～〕

問1 She was she had to work late because the store needed extra staff.

- ① talked ② spoken ③ said ④ told

問2 It was a pleasure meeting you. Should you ever need anything, please don't hesitate to me.

- ① confuse ② concern ③ contact ④ control

問3 In the past, parents were strict, but now some parents seem to their kids do whatever they like.

- ① let ② make ③ allow ④ permit

問4 All things , we're pleased with how the project turned out.

- ① consider ② considered ③ considering ④ to consider

問5 My dad was really when he couldn't remember his neighbor's name.

- ① pleased ② interested ③ fascinated ④ embarrassed

問6 We drove all the way to the beach, to find it was closed for cleaning.

- ① likely ② mostly ③ only ④ partly

問7 Watching sports was the most popular activity on Saturday afternoons.

- ① by all ② by much ③ by many ④ by far

問8 Do you remember that little Italian restaurant I mentioned the other day?

- ① what ② where ③ which ④ when

問9 Can you recommend a good shampoo? There are too many brands to choose .

- ① by ② from ③ of ④ with

問10 She must have missed the train; , she'd be here by now.

- ① therefore ② instead ③ in fact ④ otherwise

B 次の設問（問1～4）において、日本語の意味になるように、それぞれ①～⑤の語を並べかえて文を完成しなさい。解答は空欄 11 ～ 18 に入る語の番号のみを答えなさい。

〔解答番号 11 ～ 18 〕

問1 医学の進歩のおかげで、人間は長生きできるようになった。

Advances in medicine have _____ 11 _____ 12 _____ to live longer.

- ① people ② possible ③ made ④ for ⑤ it

問2 膝の痛みが続いているよね。そろそろ医者に診てもらったらどう。

Your knee has been hurting. It's high time you _____ 13 _____ 14 _____ a doctor!

- ① at ② by ③ got ④ it ⑤ looked

問3 彼は明日就職の面接があるので、新しい服を選ぶのを彼女が手伝ってあげた。

Because he has a job interview tomorrow, she _____ 15 _____ 16 _____ clothes.

- ① choose ② some ③ new ④ helped ⑤ him

問4 彼がその仕事に就けたのは運がよかったからと思われているが、それはまったく事実と異なる。

People think he got the job through luck, but _____ 17 _____ 18 _____ the truth.

- ① be ② could ③ from ④ further ⑤ nothing

第2問 次のA、Bの問いに答えなさい。

A 次の設問（問 1～3）において、空欄 ～ に入る最も適切なものを、それぞれ①～④から1つずつ選んで会話を完成させなさい。〔解答番号 ～ 〕

問 1

A: It took me over an hour to go to the bookstore and buy our economics textbook.

B: Really? I just ordered mine online.

A: Yeah, that's much easier. Online books are usually cheaper, too.

- ① It wasn't a good idea.
- ② It was so complicated.
- ③ It took only a few minutes.
- ④ It took even longer.

問 2

A: I have a big history test tomorrow, and I also have to finish an English essay. I'm not going to get much sleep.

B: Hey, what about Jack's party tonight?

A: Oh, right. I almost forgot.

B: Great. I'll see you there.

- ① I don't think I can make it.
- ② I didn't want to go anyway.
- ③ I'll stop by for a short while.
- ④ Please say hello to him for me.

問 3

A: It's been raining all week. I'm getting tired of it.

B: I miss seeing the sun.

A: Hopefully it clears up by the weekend.

B: Yeah, I want to go outside for a change.

- ① It's not so bad.
- ② That doesn't bother me at all.
- ③ Actually, I like the rain.
- ④ I know what you mean.

B 次の会話の空欄 ～ に入る最も適切なものを、下の①～⑥から 1 つずつ選んで会話を完成させなさい。[解答番号 ～]

Rachel : I have been coughing continuously for a couple of weeks now. I haven't been sleeping, and I haven't gone to work since Monday.

Nurse :

Rachel : It began a few weeks ago at work. By tomorrow evening I will have been coughing nonstop for exactly three weeks. My throat has been dry and my ribs^(注) have been hurting for the last few days.

Nurse :

Rachel : Well, I hadn't been feeling very well for a couple of days before the cough began.

Nurse : Have you had a fever during the last three weeks?

Rachel : I don't think so.

Nurse : It could be an allergy.

Rachel : Now that you mention it, I received some beautiful flowers from a friend the day before I started coughing.

Nurse : All right. Please wait here.

(注) rib : 肋骨

- ① Have you been around any new or different plants?
- ② That might be the cause.
- ③ Is this your first time here?
- ④ Did you have any other symptoms before the cough started?
- ⑤ How long have you had this cough, exactly?
- ⑥ I have never had a cough like this before.

第3問 次の文章を読んで、下の設問に答えなさい。

著作権の関係上、掲載を省略。

(*Prism Reading 2*, Cambridge University Press, 2018)

(注) traffic congestion : 交通渋滞

問1 本文中の空欄 27 ～ 31 に当てはまる最も適切な語を、それぞれ①～④から1つずつ選びなさい。〔解答番号 27 ～ 31 〕

- | | | | | |
|----|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| 27 | ① addition | ② order | ③ opposition | ④ attempts |
| 28 | ① for | ② with | ③ on | ④ by |
| 29 | ① carried | ② caught | ③ contained | ④ covered |
| 30 | ① development | ② government | ③ environment | ④ employment |
| 31 | ① steps | ② turns | ③ notes | ④ risks |

問2 本文中の空欄 (ア) に入る語句として最も適切なものを、次の①～④から1つ選びなさい。

〔解答番号 32 〕

- ① houses and apartments
- ② parks and playgrounds
- ③ schools and hospitals
- ④ tunnels and bridges

問3 下線部(1)の手順に**含まれないもの**を、次の①～④から1つ選びなさい。〔解答番号 33 〕

- ① 市街地の手前まで車で向かう
- ② 市街地に入る手前で車を駐車する
- ③ 市街地で公園を見つけ休憩を取る
- ④ 市街地の中心部まではバスで向かう

問4 本文の内容と**合致しないもの**を、次の①～④から1つ選びなさい。〔解答番号 34 〕

- ① 2015年には、車で通勤する人たちが夕方のラッシュアワーだけで年間100時間を無駄にしていたとされる。
- ② 交通渋滞は車を運転する者にストレスを与え、それが健康問題につながることもある。
- ③ 交通渋滞を減らす最も効果的な方法は、新しく道路を建設することである。
- ④ 車以外の交通手段を活用することが、交通渋滞の問題の解決への近道であるかもしれない。

第4問 次の文章を読んで、下の設問に答えなさい。

You need to make dinner, but don't have any fresh vegetables. So you go to the freezer and take out some frozen ones. When you have dinner, the taste of the vegetables is fresh and delicious. You can thank Clarence Birdseye for that. Clarence Birdseye invented a way for us to have frozen food in convenient packages.

Clarence Birdseye was born in 1886 in Brooklyn, New York. He was one of eight children. He loved nature and animals. Later, he started to study biology at college. He didn't finish college and started to work to make money. In many jobs around the country, he worked with animals and nature.

In 1912, Birdseye went to the north of Canada with his wife and baby son. He liked it there and bought and sold fur. They lived in a cabin 250 miles (402 kilometers) away from the nearest doctor. He often traveled with the local Inuit^(注) people, and he went fishing with them. As soon as one of them caught a fish, it quickly froze because the air was so cold. He asked them, "Are we going to eat this fish today?" The Inuit replied, "No, we already have fish for one month." Birdseye didn't understand. How could fish stay for a month and not go bad? Later, when he ate the frozen fish, it was as delicious as the fresh fish. Then he understood! When you freeze fish fast enough, it doesn't change its taste or the way it looks. He tried this new idea on vegetables. He froze cabbage so his family could eat vegetables in the winter.

In 1917, Birdseye returned to the United States and took different jobs. In the end, he worked for a fish company and started to try out the quick-freezing method he learned in Canada. Finally, in 1924, he started a company called Birdseye Seafoods. It sold frozen foods such as fish, meat, and vegetables. In 1930, he tested the foods in Springfield, Massachusetts. For the first time, shoppers saw frozen foods in their grocery store. Did they buy them? Yes, they did! And what a change Birdseye made to the American diet, all because of his curiosity.

(*Weaving It Together 1*, National Geographic Learning, 2016)

(注) Inuit : イヌイト (カナダ北部などの氷雪地帯に住む先住民族)

次の設問（問 1～7）において、空欄 ～ に当てはまる最も適切なものを、それぞれ①～④から 1 つずつ選びなさい。〔解答番号 ～ 〕

問 1 Clarence Birdseye is known as the inventor of ().

- ① dried food
- ② canned food
- ③ frozen food
- ④ instant food

問 2 Which of the following is NOT true about Clarence Birdseye?

()

- ① He was from Brooklyn, New York.
- ② He came from a family of eight children.
- ③ He graduated from college with a degree in biology.
- ④ As a young man, he worked many jobs around the country to earn money.

問 3 In 1912, Birdseye went to northern Canada, where ().

- ① he married and had a baby son
- ② he could not find any work to make a living
- ③ he and his family lived in a cabin with a doctor as their neighbor
- ④ he often traveled with local Inuit people and went fishing with them

問 4 Birdseye learned from Inuit fishers that ().

- ① frozen fish tasted much better than fresh fish
- ② fish are supposed to be eaten as soon as they are caught
- ③ fish could never taste fresh after a month
- ④ fish kept their original taste and appearance if frozen quickly

問 5 Birdseye tried the quick-freezing idea on vegetables and froze () for winter.

- ① carrots
- ② cabbage
- ③ peas
- ④ spinach

問 6 Birdseye returned to the US in 1917, and (

40

) years later, he founded a company called Birdseye Seafoods.

- ① two
- ② five
- ③ seven
- ④ thirteen

問 7 According to the passage, which of the following is NOT true?

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- ① Before he went to Canada, Birdseye worked in many jobs with animals and nature.
- ② When Birdseye went fishing with Inuit people, he saw that fish froze almost immediately in the cold air.
- ③ The idea of quick freezing stayed with Birdseye after he left Canada and shaped his later career.
- ④ Shoppers in Springfield refused to buy frozen foods when they first appeared in their grocery store.